

Department of Veterans Affairs

Capital Asset Realignment for Enhanced Services



VISN 18

Market Plans

Attention

The VISNs developed the initial CARES Market plans under direction from the National CARES Program Office (NCPO). After these were submitted by the VISN, they were utilized as the basis for the National CARES Plan. However, the CARES National Plan includes policy decisions and plans made at the National Level which differ from the detailed Network Market Plans. Therefore, some National policy decisions that are in the National Plan are not reflected in the Network Market Plans. These initial VISN Market Plans have detailed narratives and data at the VISN, Market and Facility level and are available on the National CARES Internet Site : <<<http://www.va.gov/CARES/>>>.

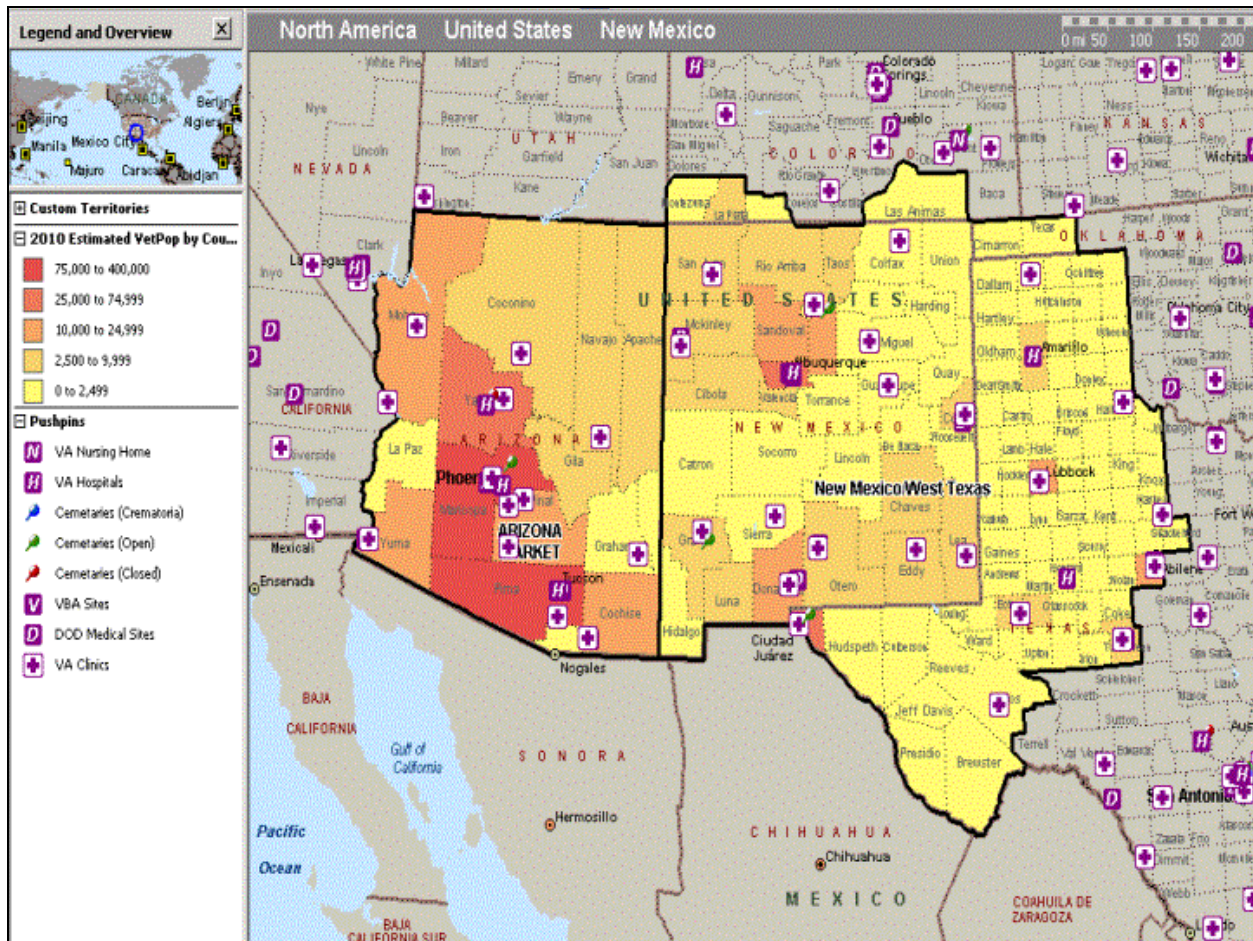
Table of Contents – VISN 18

	Page
I. VISN Level Information.....	4
A. Description of the Network/Market/Facility.....	4
1. Map of VISN Markets.....	4
2. Market Definitions.....	5
3. Facility List.....	7
4. Veteran Population and Enrollment Trends.....	8
5. Planning Initiatives and Collaborative Opportunities.....	9
6. Stakeholder Information.....	13
7. Collaboration with Other VISNs.....	13
B. Resolution of VISN Level Planning Initiatives.....	14
1. Proximity Planning Initiatives.....	14
2. Special Disability Planning Initiatives.....	14
C. VISN Identified Planning Initiatives.....	15
D. VISN Level Data Summary of Post Market Plan (Workload, Space, Costs).....	17
II. Market Level Information.....	22
A. Market – Arizona.....	22
1. Description of Market.....	22
2. Resolution of Market Level Planning Initiatives: Access.....	29
3. Facility Level Information – Phoenix.....	30
4. Facility Level Information – Prescott.....	36
5. Facility Level Information – Tucson.....	42
B. Market – New Mexico/West Texas.....	47
1. Description of Market.....	47
2. Resolution of Market Level Planning Initiatives: Access.....	55
3. Facility Level Information – Albuquerque.....	56
4. Facility Level Information – Amarillo.....	62
5. Facility Level Information – Big Spring.....	67
6. Facility Level Information – El Paso OPC.....	72

I. VISN Level Information

A. Description of the Network/Market/Facilities

1. Map of VISN Markets



2. Market Definitions

Market Designation: The process by which VISN 18 defined two market and three sub-markets involved use of current general population data by county, VetPop2001 veteran population and ELDA02 enrollment data all provided by VA Central Office elements. Additionally, VISN 18 considered other important elements including referral patterns, travel distances between primary/hospital care choices and the availability of transportation options. Geographic challenges are always a consideration in VISN 18, including mountain ranges, remote desert locales and weather patterns that can close/limit transportation on the few major freeways/highways.

New Mexico & West Texas Markets			
Market	Includes	Rationale:	Shared Counties:
New Mexico & West Texas (NM/WT) Market Code: 18B	116 counties in New Mexico and West Texas plus 3 in So. Col. & 2 in Okla.	The New Mexico/West Texas CARES Market Area (NM/WTCMA) includes the tertiary care New Mexico HCS, the secondary care sites of West Texas HCS and Amarillo HCS, and the El Paso HCS (independent outpatient clinic) along with their 23 CBOCs. Available services include inpatient, primary care, specialty care, long-term care and mental health. This market area is based on existing referral patterns between all the Texas facilities to Albuquerque for complex inpatient and specialty care. Additionally, large driving distances across remote stretches of sparsely populated counties separate the facilities. While NM and West Texas have freeways, the vast size of the area and the rural quality of many counties dictate that veterans travel over non-freeways to access VA facilities. Nearly all New Mexico and West Texas counties are forecast to increase the number of veteran enrollees through 2010.	After discussions with both VISNs 17 and 19, no current sharing opportunities were identified. The placement of a CBOC in Durango, Colorado resolves the underserved portion of Southern Colorado. Existing referral patterns of our CBOC's located near VISN 17's western border are nearly exclusively with VISN 18 facilities and no new CBOCs are planned.

Sub-Markets	Counties	Rationale	Shared Counties
NM/WT: Northern Sub-Market Code: 18B-1	65 counties in Northern New Mexico and West Texas, Southern Colorado and Oklahoma.	The NM/WT Northern Sub-Market was selected as it demonstrates sufficient access to both primary care and inpatient services. The New Mexico and Amarillo Health Care Systems (HCS) have historically shown strong referral patterns for specialty services. Highway access is very good connecting both locations via Interstate 40.	See comments above for the NM/WT Market Area.
NM/WT Southern Sub-Market Code: 18B-2	56 counties in Southern New Mexico and West Texas	The NM/WT Southern Sub-Market was selected because while it demonstrates sufficient access to primary care, our analysis shows that less than 50% of the residents have convenient access to VA inpatient services. Those who do seek inpatient care at the West Texas HCS travel to an isolated portion of West Texas with no major interstates and remote air service. Historically, WTHCS has maintained a strong referral pattern with the independent outpatient clinic located in El Paso. With a similar population density to the northern sub-market, additional planning is desirable to ensure that patients residing in the southern sub-market have reasonable access to the fullest continuum of care possible.	See comments above for the NM/WT Market Area.

Market:	Includes:	Rationale:	Shared Counties:
Arizona Market Code: 18A	All 15 Counties in the state of Arizona	The Arizona CARES Market Area includes the two urban, tertiary care VA Health Care Systems (HCS) located in Phoenix and Tucson, a secondary HCS in Prescott, along with 12 Community Based Outpatient Clinics (CBOCs). Available services include primary care, inpatient, specialty care, mental health, long-term care and a domiciliary. Referral patterns were a major factor in determining this market area as it occurs primarily between the 3 Arizona facilities and their CBOCs. The Highways run primarily north/south in Arizona, facilitating the flow of referrals between the AZ facilities. Mountain ranges separating Arizona and New Mexico create a natural barrier that hinders east/west travel. Arizona is forecast to increase the number of veteran enrollees in all counties through 2010. The services available, infrastructure and geography all define Arizona as a natural CARES Market Area.	VISN 18 has not discussed shared counties with VISN 22 as they are remote, sparsely populated desert areas. Discussions with VISN 19 to the north led to the conclusion that there are no sharing opportunities at the present time.

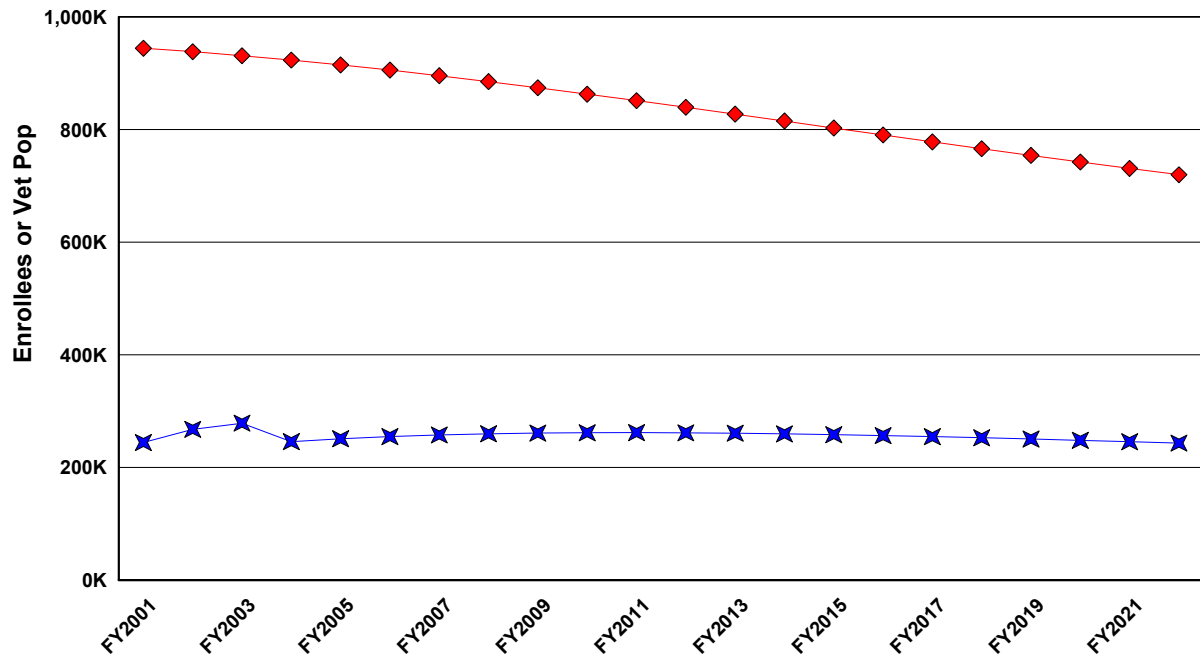
3. Facility List

VISN : 18				
Facility	Primary	Hospital	Tertiary	Other
Albuquerque				
501 New Mexico HCS	✓	✓	✓	-
Amarillo				
504 Amarillo HCS	✓	✓	-	-
504BY Lubbock TX	✓	-	-	-
Big Spring				
519 West Texas HCS	✓	✓	-	-
El Paso OPC				
756 El Paso HCS	✓	✓	-	-
Phoenix				
644 Phoenix	✓	✓	✓	-
Prescott				
649 Northern Arizona HCS	✓	✓	-	-
Tucson				
678 S. Arizona HCS	✓	✓	✓	-

4. Veteran Population and Enrollment Trends

----- Projected Veteran Population

----- Projected Enrollees



5. Planning Initiatives and Collaborative Opportunities

a. Effective Use of Resources

Effective Use of Resources		
PI?	Issue	Rationale/Comments Re: PI
Y	Small Facility Planning Initiative	Prescott is projected to need <40 beds in 2012 and 2022. (Medicine/Surgery/Psychiatry) Its missions needs to be realigned to enhance quality and efficient use of resources.
N	Proximity 120 Mile Tertiary	
N	Proximity 60 Mile Acute	No facility fell within the proximity gap
N	Proximity 120 Mile Tertiary	No facility fell within the proximity gap
Y	Vacant Space	All VISNs will need to explore options and develop plans to reduce vacant space by 10% in 2004 and 30% by 2005.

b. Special Disabilities

Special Populations Planning Initiatives		
PI?	Issue	Rationale/Comments Re: PI
N	Blind Rehab	VISN 18 has received a recommendation to consider establish a Visual Impairment Services Outpt Program (VISOR) as part of its planning.
N	SCI	

c. Collaborative Opportunities

Collaborative Opportunities for use during development of Market Plans		
CO?	Collaborative Opportunities	Rationale/Comments
	Enhanced Use	
Y	Medical Office building in Phoenix	This EU plan will allow VISN to take advantage of high commercial value of its land in downtown Phoenix as well as gain space for Phoenix VAMC's administrative needs. Will also support DOD initiative with Luke AFB (See DOD below)
	VBA	
N	There are potential VBA collaboration opportunities at Albuquerque and Tucson.	Discussion with VBA did not result in any match or resources with VBA needs at these locations
	NCA	
Y	Potential NCA collaboration opportunity for a Columbarium at Prescott	VISN should examine feasibility for columbarium at Prescott.
	DOD	
Y	El Paso-William Beaumont Army Medical Center	Opportunities for collaboration and sharing, which may address inpatient gaps in this area, should be explored (e.g., possible establishment of VA dedicated inpatient units at William Beaumont).
Y	Phoenix-Luke AFB	Explore possibility of including Air Force Primary Care Clinic in Enhanced Use Project (see above). Also look at sharing opportunities for an Air Force/TriCare satellite Clinic at Mesa.

d. Other Issues

Other Gaps/Issues Not Addressed By CARES Data Analysis		
PI?	Other Issues	Rationale/Comments
	List gaps/issues raised by VISNs	Team must also provide rationale for why it didn't assign a PI for a gap or issue raised by VISN.
Y	Develop plans to expand research space at Phoenix and Tucson.	Research has taken a very recent upward surge at both Phoenix and Tucson VAMCs (e.g. Human Genome project at Phoenix). Future growth is threatened by lack of space.

e. Market Capacity Planning Initiatives

Arizona Market

Category	Type of Gap	FY2001 Baseline	Fy 2001 Modeled ***	FY 2012 Gap	FY 2012 % Gap	FY 2022 Gap	FY 2022 % Gap
Primary Care	Population Based *	349,865		105,062	30%	62,675	18%
	Treating Facility Based **	363,918		96,391	26%	49,926	14%
Specialty Care	Population Based *	316,124		184,429	58%	160,857	51%
	Treating Facility Based **	321,713		179,926	56%	153,506	48%
Mental Health	Population Based *	131,879		80,185	61%	45,791	35%
	Treating Facility Based **	132,580		73,567	55%	42,179	32%
Medicine	Population Based *	48467		16832	35%	9035	19%
	Treating Facility Based **	49063		14427.52	29%	6444.1	13%
Psychiatry	Population Based *	23675		13941	59%	9146	39%
	Treating Facility Based **	21177		11123.14	53%	6428.28	30%

New Mexico/ West Texas Market

Category	Type of Gap	FY2001 Baseline	Fy 2001 Modeled ***	FY 2012 Gap	FY 2012 % Gap	FY 2022 Gap	FY 2022 % Gap
Specialty Care	Population Based *	259,930		137,286	53%	76,738	30%
	Treating Facility Based **	265,620		137,947	52%	78,688	30%
Mental Health	Population Based *	120,570		62,171	52%	20,058	17%
	Treating Facility Based **	114,117		56,442	49%	19,512	17%
Medicine	Population Based *	39,493		23,317	59%	11,037	28%
	Treating Facility Based **	39,434		21,738	55%	9,857	25%
Psychiatry	Population Based *	22065		8969	41%	3493	16%
	Treating Facility Based **	18634		9078.54	49%	3435.98	18%

* – Population Based: Sum of the workload demand based on where the enrollee lives. Sum of the workload projections for the enrollees living in the counties geographically located in the Market. This is not necessarily where they go for care.

** – Treating Facility Based: Sum of the workload demand based on where the enrollee goes for care. Sum of the facility data for the facilities geographically located in the Market. (Due to the traffic or ever referral patterns, the population based and treating facility projections will not match at the market level, although nationally they will be equal)

*** – Modeled data is the Consultants projection based on what the workload **would have been if adjusted for community standards.**

6. Stakeholder Information

Summary narrative on key stakeholder issues by Market, and how the comments/concerns were incorporated in the Market Plan.

Stakeholder Narrative:

John McKinney, a district commander with the Americal Legion, is a member of the VISN 18 CARES Steering Committee and provided great input for both market areas. He is well informed on healthcare in both market areas and influenced several issues including the small facility initiative in the Arizona Market and DoD sharing issues with William Beaumont Army Medical Center in El Paso. He is adamant about VA managing inpatient care at the William Beaumont Army Medical Center in El Paso because the Army frequently deploys leaving the Army hospital understaffed.

7. Collaboration with Other VISNs

Summary narrative of collaborations with neighboring VISNs, and result of collaborations. Include overview of Proximity issues across VISNs.

Collaboration with Other VISNs Narrative:

One of our options for inpatient psychiatry was to collaborate with VISN 17. That option was not the preferred option by the VISN 18 CARES Steering Committee. The preferred option is to collaborate with DoD in El Paso for inpatient psychiatry care.

B. Resolution of VISN Level Planning Initiatives

1. Proximity Planning Initiatives (if appropriate)

A narrative summary of proposed resolution and alternatives considered, with an overview of criteria.

Proximity Narrative:

No Impact

2. Special Disability Planning Initiative (if appropriate)

A narrative summary of proposed resolution and alternatives considered, with an overview of criteria.

Your analysis should include the following:

1. Describe the impact that the planning initiative will have on the mandated funding levels for special disability programs:
 - SCI
 - Blind Rehab
 - SMI
 - TBI
 - Substance Abuse
 - Homeless
 - PTSD
2. Discuss how the planning initiative may affect, complement or enhance special disability services.
3. Describe any potential stakeholder issues revolving around special disabilities related to the planning initiative.

Special Disability Narrative:

No Impact

C. VISN Identified Planning Initiatives

A narrative summary of proposed resolution and alternatives considered, with an overview of criteria. (See Chapter 5 Attachment 3 guidebook and Market Plan handbook.)

Your analysis should include the following:

1. List all of the VISN PIs and provide a short summary. Post the entire summary documentation on the portal.

VISN Planning Initiatives Narrative:

As a component of the VISN 18 CARES Plan, a Planning Initiative was identified to expand the space available for the projected growth of the research programs at VAMC Phoenix and the Southern Arizona VA Healthcare System (SAVAHCS). The New Mexico VA Health Care System (NMVAHCS) is the largest and most mature research program in the Network. All three facilities are suffering growth pains and are being restrained by a serious lack of available or appropriate space for research. Stakeholders are very concerned about the research space shortage, particularly since Outpatient Specialty Care was identified as a significant capacity gap for all VISN facilities.

VAMC Phoenix has a unique opportunity to join with Arizona State University (ASU) in establishing the Arizona Biomedical Institute. It will organize a multidisciplinary group of clinician scientists and basic scientists who can focus on some of the most significant health care issues of our veteran population. Expanded facilities and collaboration will facilitate recruitment of outstanding clinical specialist.

Through the efforts of the SAVAHCS, the national Human Genome project was awarded to the state of Arizona. The SAVAHCS has also established a Molecular Diagnostics and Research Laboratory (MDRL). The SAVAHCS is one of the few facilities in the state to provide this technology and expertise. The MDRL's goals are to support and advance laboratory standards for patient care, medical research and medical education.

The NMVAHCS is a participant in the New Mexico Cancer Care Alliance (NMCCA) in the forefront of cancer research. The University of New Mexico School of Medicine's excellent programs attract candidates from all around the country. New areas of research are occurring in social behavioral, psychiatric and addictive disorders. Expansions are planned in existing neurological and sensory disorders programs, as well as, in cardiovascular and pulmonary research.

The NMVAHCS currently supports 42,251 nsf of research space. Existing research space was originally staff housing built in 1932, and is poorly designed for research. Existing Principal Investigators have no room to expand their efforts. Efforts to attract skilled physicians in several specialties have suffered or failed in the recent past due to a

lack of space. Based on nominal funding growth projections of 2% per annum, the research space needs will continue to grow. The demand for space coupled with the outdated existing space is proposed to be addressed by the construction of 60,000 nsf of research space.

At the SAVAHCS the Space and Functional Survey identified 35,661 nsf of research space. However, the Survey graded the space with an average CARES Condition Code of D. It is projected that within five years 10,884 sq.ft. of additional space will be needed and an additional 15,000 sq.ft. will be needed by 2022. The SAVAHCS plans to address the problems through a Minor project (5000 sq.ft.) for research wet laboratories in 2003/2004, renovation of current research space, and through another Minor project (6000 sq.ft.) for research wet laboratories in 2007/2008.

VAMC Phoenix's research funding for FY 2002 was \$2 million. Research generated funding at the medical center jumped by 58% between FY 2001 and FY 2002. The percentage change in growth is dramatic because of the low initial base denominator. In developing the funding and space projections, an accelerated growth rate of 25% was utilized for FY 2003 - 2007. By FY 2007, VAMC Phoenix will reach the mature funding level of VAMC Albuquerque's current program, and a growth rate mirroring Albuquerque's 2% was utilized for the projections out to FY 2022. VAMC Phoenix plans to address the problem through a collaboration with ASU's Arizona Biomedical Institute in the construction of a 40,000 nsf joint use facility.

D. VISN Level Data Summary of Post Market Plan (Workload, Space, & Costs)

1. Inpatient Summary

a. Workload

	BDOC Projections (from demand)			FY 2012 Projection (from solution)		FY 2022 Projection (from solution)		
INPATIENT CARE	Baseline FY 2001 BDOC	FY 2012 BDOC	FY 2022 BDOC	In House BDOC	Other BDOC	In House BDOC	Other BDOC	Net Present Value
Medicine	88,497	124,662	104,798	103,213	21,453	93,918	10,883	\$ 227,846,456
Surgery	42,727	44,984	38,129	38,951	6,036	33,296	4,836	\$ (44,523,672)
Psychiatry	39,811	60,013	49,675	38,897	21,120	34,911	14,767	\$ 127,918,144
PRRTP	7,333	7,333	7,333	7,333	-	7,333	-	\$ (30,536)
NHCU/Intermediate	411,881	411,881	411,881	142,939	268,942	142,939	268,942	\$ -
Domiciliary	37,034	37,034	37,034	37,034	-	37,034	-	\$ -
Spinal Cord Injury	6,532	6,532	6,532	6,532	-	6,532	-	\$ -
Blind Rehab	10,969	10,969	10,969	10,969	-	10,969	-	\$ -
Total	644,784	703,408	666,352	385,868	317,551	366,932	299,428	\$ 311,210,392

b. Space

	Space Projections (from demand)			Post CARES (from solution)		
INPATIENT CARE	Baseline FY 2001 DGSF	FY 2012 DGSF	FY 2022 DGSF	FY 2012 Projection	FY 2022 Projection	Net Present Value
Medicine	140,756	239,382	201,610	215,551	196,484	\$ 227,846,456
Surgery	59,500	76,937	65,203	71,098	60,786	\$ (44,523,672)
Psychiatry	65,104	113,945	94,736	85,240	75,389	\$ 127,918,144
PRRTP	7,033	5,560	5,560	5,574	5,574	\$ (30,536)
NHCU/Intermediate	197,987	197,987	197,987	197,979	197,979	\$ -
Domiciliary	51,729	51,729	51,729	51,729	51,729	\$ -
Spinal Cord Injury	24,462	24,462	24,462	24,462	24,462	\$ -
Blind Rehab	31,824	31,824	31,824	31,824	31,824	\$ -
Total	578,395	741,826	673,112	683,457	644,227	\$ 311,210,392

2. Outpatient Summary

a. Workload

	Clinic Stop Projections (from demand)			FY 2012 Projection (from solution)		FY 2022 Projection (from solution)		
Outpatient CARE	Baseline FY 2001 Stops	FY 2012 Stops	FY 2022 Stops	In House Stops	Other Stops	In House Stops	Other Stops	Net Present Value
Primary Care	751,823	829,785	711,842	747,406	82,383	657,899	53,947	\$ 4,055,039
Specialty Care	587,332	905,206	819,526	744,221	160,988	682,084	137,445	\$ 9,749,371
Mental Health	246,696	376,705	308,387	343,229	34,452	291,228	18,134	\$ (3,788,971)
Ancillary& Diagnostic	762,784	983,748	939,139	926,812	56,941	886,418	52,724	\$ (39,399,761)
Total	2,348,636	3,095,444	2,778,894	2,761,668	334,764	2,517,629	262,250	\$ (29,384,322)

b. Space

	Space Projections (from demand)			Post CARES (from solution)		
Outpatient CARE	Baseline FY 2001 DGSF	FY 2012 DGSF	FY 2022 DGSF	FY 2012 Projection	FY 2022 Projection	Net Present Value
Primary Care	341,853	441,049	378,379	417,626	368,244	\$ 4,055,039
Specialty Care	412,988	1,014,069	915,102	886,964	808,460	\$ 9,749,371
Mental Health	119,327	227,046	185,067	219,175	184,146	\$ (3,788,971)
Ancillary& Diagnostic	266,945	619,833	592,604	619,831	592,599	\$ (39,399,761)
Total	1,141,113	2,301,997	2,071,152	2,143,596	1,953,449	\$ (29,384,322)

3. Non-Clinical Summary

	Space Projections (from demand)			Post CARES (from solution)		
NON-CLINICAL	Baseline FY 2001 DGSF	FY 2012 DGSF	FY 2022 DGSF	FY 2012 Projection	FY 2022 Projection	Net Present Value
Research	107,572	107,572	107,572	190,144	213,381	\$ (20,374,942)
Admin	958,461	1,648,233	1,478,540	1,577,282	1,453,723	\$ (40,458,937)
Outleased	72,946	72,946	72,946	-	-	N/A
Other	119,068	119,068	119,068	119,068	119,068	\$ -
Vacant Space	40,368	-	-	8,776	58,005	\$ 14,139,875
Total	1,298,415	1,947,819	1,778,126	1,895,270	1,844,177	\$ (46,694,004)

II. Market Level Information

A. Arizona Market

1. Description of Market

a. Market Definition

Market:	Includes:	Rationale:	Shared Counties:
Arizona Market Code: 18A	All 15 Counties in the state of Arizona	The Arizona CARES Market Area includes the two urban, tertiary care VA Health Care Systems (HCS) located in Phoenix and Tucson, a secondary HCS in Prescott, along with 12 Community Based Outpatient Clinics (CBOCs). Available services include primary care, inpatient, specialty care, mental health, long-term care and a domiciliary. Referral patterns were a major factor in determining this market area as it occurs primarily between the 3 Arizona facilities and their CBOCs. The Highways run primarily north/south in Arizona, facilitating the flow of referrals between the AZ facilities. Mountain ranges separating Arizona and New Mexico create a natural barrier that hinders east/west travel. Arizona is forecast to increase the number of veteran enrollees in all counties through 2010. The services available, infrastructure and geography all define Arizona as a natural CARES Market Area.	VISN 18 has not discussed shared counties with VISN 22 as they are remote, sparsely populated desert areas. Discussions with VISN 19 to the north led to the conclusion that there are no sharing opportunities at the present time.

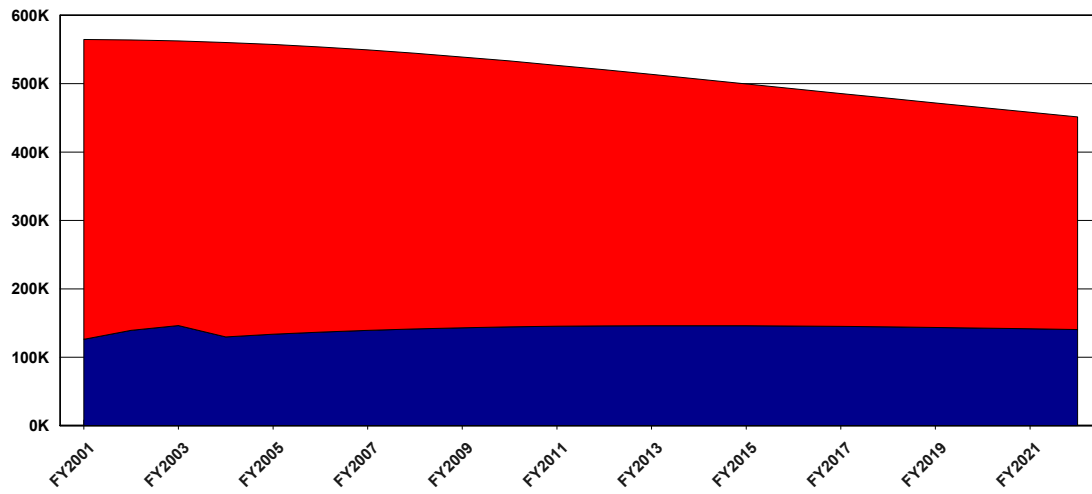
b. Facility List

VISN : 18				
Facility	Primary	Hospital	Tertiary	Other
Phoenix				
644 Phoenix	✓	✓	✓	-
Prescott				
649 Northern Arizona HCS	✓	✓	-	-
Tucson				
678 S. Arizona HCS	✓	✓	✓	-

c. Veteran Population and Enrollment Trends

----- Projected Veteran Population

----- Projected Enrollees



d. List of All Planning Initiatives & Collaborative Opportunities

CARES Categories Planning Initiatives						
Arizona Market			February 2003 (New)			
Market PI	Category	Type Of Gap	FY2012 Gap	FY2012 %Gap	FY2022 Gap	FY2022 %Gap
	Access to Primary Care	Access				
	Access to Hospital Care	Access				
	Access to Tertiary Care	Access				
Y	Primary Care Outpatient Stops	Population Based	105,064	30%	62,675	18%
		Treating Facility Based	96,392	26%	49,926	14%
Y	Specialty Care Outpatient Stops	Population Based	184,429	58%	160,857	51%
		Treating Facility Based	179,926	56%	153,506	48%
Y	Mental Health Outpatient Stops	Population Based	80,185	61%	45,790	35%
		Treating Facility Based	73,566	55%	42,179	32%
Y	Medicine Inpatient Beds	Population Based	54	35%	29	19%
		Treating Facility Based	47	29%	21	13%
N	Surgery Inpatient Beds	Population Based	5	6%	-4	-5%
		Treating Facility Based	1	2%	-7	-10%
Y	Psychiatry Inpatient Beds	Population Based	45	59%	29	39%
		Treating Facility Based	36	53%	21	30%

e. Stakeholder Information

Discussion of stakeholder input and how concerns/issues were addressed.

Stakeholder Narrative:

We had good stakeholder input into the VISN 18 CARES Steering Committee, specifically the American Legion and PVA. They provided good input which influenced our market plan.

f. Shared Market Discussion

Detailed info at the facility level for this specific market. Include any linkages with other VISNs for Shared Markets.

Shared Market Narrative:

No Impact

g. Overview of Market Plan

Detailed info at the facility level for this specific market. Include strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and potential obstacles associated with the Market Plan.

Executive Summary Narrative:

The Arizona Market, consisting of VA Health Care Systems located in Prescott, Phoenix, and Tucson, Arizona, considered a number of options for each identified Planning Initiative (PI) and selected a preferred option from a number of alternatives. It should be noted that while no significant cost differences were detected, decisions were driven by factors such as access, quality, patient satisfaction and convenience. The preferred options are summarized below:

Small Facility PI Preferred Option: The number of acute medicine beds at VA Prescott will be increased by 19 to reach a total of 44 beds and will support three (3) other PIs within the Arizona Market: Inpatient Medical Beds, Outpatient Primary Care and Outpatient Specialty Care. The network feels this option is best as it will help to relieve the workload at Phoenix and will bring more specialty outpatient services closer to veterans living in the Prescott area.

Outpatient Primary Care PI Preferred Option: Phoenix and Prescott will reduce the amount of primary care that is accomplished at the parent facility and move that workload to their existing and new CBOCs. They will use the space vacated by primary care for increased outpatient specialty care. VA Tucson will absorb the increase at the parent facility until current providers are at 100% enrollment with the balance reallocated to two planned urban CBOC(s). This option is based on a “hub and spokes” scenario and was selected as it is believed that access and quality would be enhanced leading this option to be the most functional way for the VA to deliver care.

Outpatient Specialty Care PI Preferred Option: Phoenix will increase their outpatient specialty care at the home facility in the space vacated by outpatient primary care and by adding additional space as required. Prescott will recruit medical specialty providers as appropriate to their mission. Tucson will utilize space vacated by mental health that will move to CBOCs and new space at parent facility. This PI is linked to the Small Facility preferred option, and was selected because of superior access, quality factors.

Outpatient Mental Health PI Preferred Option: All three facilities will increase their outpatient mental health capacity in accordance with the VISN mental health plan. This will bring VISN 18 up to the national average of accomplishing 20% of our CBOC workload for outpatient mental health. The remainder of the outpatient mental health gap will be addressed at the parent facility or via contract. This option was selected over the contracting out option due to concerns about the quality of care issues.

Inpatient Psychiatry PI Preferred Option: VA Phoenix and Tucson will reactivate inpatient psychiatry beds as required to meet this PI. As there was not a significant difference in cost, the network used the quality of the VA inpatient

psychiatry program as the most significant criteria in selecting this option over the contracting one. Inpatient Medicine Bed PI Preferred Option: As this PI is directly linked to the Small Facility PI for VA Prescott, the network selected the option to increase the number of acute medicine beds at VA Prescott by 19 to reach a total of 44 beds and to reduce the demand gap at VA Phoenix from 27 to 8 beds requiring reactivation. VA Tucson will continue to require 20 beds, which will be addressed through reactivation of beds.

2. Resolution of Market Level Planning Initiatives: Access

Narrative on the impact on access to healthcare services, using VA standards when available.

- If you had an Access PI, describe all alternatives considered, identifying which ones were compared financially in the IBM application.
- Describe the impact on the percentage of the market area enrollees achieving standard travel distance/times for accessing different levels of care

Access Narrative:

No Impact

Service Type	Baseline FY 2001		Proposed FY 2012		Proposed FY 2022	
	% of enrollees within Guidelines	# of enrollees outside access Guidelines	% of enrollees within Guidelines	# of enrollees outside access Guidelines	% of enrollees within Guidelines	# of enrollees outside access Guidelines
Primary Care	1%	138,522	1%	144,446	1%	139,084
Hospital Care	88%	16,791	88%	17,509	89%	15,454
Tertiary Care	99%	1,399	99%	1,459	99%	1,405

Guidelines:

Primary Care: Urban & Rural Counties – 30 minutes drive time
Highly Rural Counties– 60 minutes drive time

Hospital Care: Urban Counties – 60 minutes drive time
Rural Counties – 90 minutes drive time
Highly Rural Counties – 120 minutes drive time

Tertiary Care: Urban & Rural Counties – 4 hours
Highly Rural Counties – within VISN

3. Facility Level Information – Phoenix

a. Resolution of VISN Level Planning Initiatives

Resolution Narrative of Proximity PI

A narrative summary of proposed resolution and alternatives considered, with an overview of criteria.

- Describe the status Quo.
- Describe the preferred alternative and its impact on the CARES Criteria. Provide more detail than provided at the Network level narrative. Describe actual changes planned at this particular facility.
- List all alternatives considered. (Post narrative detail to the CARES portal)
- Discussion of Proposed PI in relation to the CARES criteria

Proximity Narrative:

No Impact

Resolution Narrative of Small Facility PI

A narrative summary of proposed resolution and alternatives considered, with an overview of criteria.

- Describe the current situation.
- List all alternatives considered. (Post narrative detail to the CARES portal)
- Describe the preferred alternative and its impact on the CARES Criteria.
- Provide more detail than provided at the Network level narrative. Describe actual changes planned at this particular facility.

Small Facility Narrative:

No Impact

DOD Collaborative Opportunities

Describe DOD Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

DOD Narrative:

The medical center has begun preliminary negotiations toward a potential collaborative opportunity with Luke AFB, which is located in the far west side of the Phoenix metropolitan area. The medical center's Mesa CBOC is located in the far east side of the Phoenix metropolitan area in the old Base Hospital building of the former Williams AFB. Discussions are focused on either the AFB contracting with the medical center to provide outpatient services to east valley Air Force beneficiaries at our Mesa CBOC, or by having Air Force providers sharing space and treating their beneficiaries at our Mesa CBOC. A successful collaboration would increase the workload demand VA staff would need to address as well as the amount of space the CBOC will need to accomplish the workload or share with Air Force personnel. Progress is currently on hold pending the return of key individuals from the war in Iraq.

VBA Collaborative Opportunities

Describe VBA Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

VBA Narrative:

No Impact

NCA Collaborative Opportunities

Describe NCA Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

NCA Narrative:

No Impact

Top Enhanced Use Market Opportunity

Describe EU Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

Enhanced Use Narrative:

VISN 18 submitted an enhanced use project for a child care center, office building, research space, and some clinical space. The DoD CARES sharing initiative and Research Initiative are dependent upon this EU project being completed. There has been no action from OAEM.

Resolution of VISN Identified PIs

A narrative summary of proposed resolution and alternatives considered, with an overview of criteria.

- Describe the status Quo.
- Describe the preferred alternative and its impact on the CARES Criteria. Provide more detail than provided at the Network level narrative.
- Describe actual changes planned at this particular facility.
- List all alternatives considered. (Post narrative detail to the CARES portal)
- Discussion of Proposed PI in relation to the CARES criteria

VISN Identified Planning Initiatives Narrative:

As component of the VISN 18 CARES Plan, a Planning Initiative was identified to expand the space available for the projected growth of research at VAMC Phoenix. The medical center is a Research Core Level 1 facility that shows clear progress toward establishing an emerging center of excellence. A VAMC Phoenix Medical Research Foundation has been established. The medical center is in the process of making a major expansion of its research programs by recruiting nationally recognized investigators. Major areas of research include Diabetes, Arteriosclerosis, Rheumatoid Arthritis, Osteoarthritis, Fibromyalgia, and Endocrinology. A world renowned Pulmonologist with an impressive research portfolio has just recently been added to our staff. During fiscal year 2002, there were 46 active Research Principal Investigators and 130 active research projects at the medical center. An exciting and unique opportunity exists for the medical center to join with Arizona State University (ASU) in establishing the Arizona Biomedical Institute. It will organize a multidisciplinary group of clinician scientists and basic scientists who can focus on some of the most significant health care issues of our veteran population. It will emphasize

applied biomedical research and the training of the next generation of clinician scientists. Expanded facilities and collaboration will facilitate recruitment of outstanding medical and basic science faculty and trainees. This will be a natural platform and magnet for engaging industry, bioengineering, biotechnology and clinical science in a vibrant and creative environment, while enhancing the medical center's recruitment and retention, as well as, the VA's outstanding research reputation. The medical center's total research funding for FY 2002 was more than \$2 million. Research generated funding at the medical center jumped by 58% between FY 2001 and FY 2002. Obviously the current percentage change in growth from year to year is very dramatic because we are starting from a low initial base denominator. Unlike our VISN 18 sister facility, VAMC Albuquerque which displays the growth patterns of a mature research program. Therefore in developing the funding and space projections, VAMC Phoenix utilized an accelerated growth rate of 25% for FY 2003 through FY 2007. By FY 2007, VAMC Phoenix will have approached the critical mass reflected in the mature funding level parameters of VAMC Albuquerque's current program, and a more modest growth rate mirroring Albuquerque's 2% was utilized for the projections out to FY 2022. The collaboration with ASU's Arizona Biomedical Institute will fuel further and faster growth. The medical center's preferred option to address this growth is through a construction project proposed in concert with Arizona State University. ASU provides an ideal location for the construction of a 40,000 sq. ft. joint use facility, whereas VAMC Phoenix is landlocked in a highly urban metropolitan area near the major downtown business district. The Alternative 2 proposal being presented as an interim measure would be to continue our current piecemeal approach of leasing laboratory space and using a former nursing unit for offices and clinical research space. The medical center would plan to purchase modular office space for the research program and locate it next to Bldg. 21. The medical center has plans to remodel approximately 20,000 nsf in Bldg. 21 for research office and lab space. In addition, it is planned to construct a two-story administrative building to house functions displaced from Bldg. 21 and from the medical center to address other CARES initiatives.

Proposed Management of Workload – FY 2012

34

Proposed Management of Space – FY 2012

Space (GSF) (from demand projections)			Space (GSF) proposed by Market Plans in VISN									
	FY 2012	Variance from 2001	Space Driver Projection	Variance from 2001	Existing GSF	Convert Vacant	New Construction	Donated Space	Leased Space	Enhanced Use	Total Proposed Space	Space Needed/ Moved to Vacant
INPATIENT CARE	Medicine	68,193	28,728	56,403	16,938	39,465	-	14,800	-	-	54,265	(2,138)
	Surgery	21,011	6,765	21,011	6,765	14,246	-	2,000	-	-	16,246	(4,765)
	Intermediate Care/NHCU	50,854	-	50,853	(1)	50,854	-	-	-	-	50,854	-
	Psychiatry	47,783	20,769	47,783	20,769	27,014	-	10,500	-	-	37,514	(10,269)
	PRRTP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Domiciliary program	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Spinal Cord Injury	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Blind Rehab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	187,841	56,262	176,050	44,471	131,579	-	27,300	-	-	-	158,879	(17,171)
Space (GSF) (from demand projections)			Space (GSF) proposed by Market Plan									
	FY 2012	Variance from 2001	Space Driver Projection	Variance from 2001	Existing GSF	Convert Vacant	New Construction	Donated Space	Leased Space	Enhanced Use	Total Proposed Space	Space Needed/ Moved to Vacant
OUTPATIENT CARE	Primary Care	126,546	37,866	120,028	31,348	88,680	-	-	4,000	-	92,680	(27,348)
	Specialty Care	267,499	160,145	190,727	83,373	107,354	5,852	40,000	-	-	153,206	(37,521)
	Mental Health	56,511	37,253	56,510	37,252	19,258	-	11,400	14,000	-	44,658	(11,852)
	Ancillary and Diagnostics	171,949	117,767	171,949	117,767	54,182	-	82,000	-	-	136,182	(35,767)
	Total	622,505	353,031	539,214	269,740	269,474	5,852	133,400	-	18,000	-	426,726
NON-CLINICAL		Variance from 2001	Space Driver Projection	Variance from 2001	Existing GSF	Convert Vacant	New Construction	Donated Space	Leased Space	Enhanced Use	Total Proposed Space	Space Needed/ Moved to Vacant
	Research	-	(27,149)	55,478	28,329	27,149	-	20,000	-	-	47,149	(8,329)
	Administrative	385,248	187,290	354,541	156,583	197,958	-	41,115	-	-	239,073	(115,468)
	Other	25,267	-	25,267	-	25,267	-	-	-	-	25,267	-
Total	410,515	160,141	435,286	184,912	250,374	-	61,115	-	-	-	311,489	(123,797)

4. Facility Level Information – Prescott

a. Resolution of VISN Level Planning Initiatives

Resolution Narrative of Proximity PI

A narrative summary of proposed resolution and alternatives considered, with an overview of criteria.

- Describe the status Quo.
- Describe the preferred alternative and its impact on the CARES Criteria. Provide more detail than provided at the Network level narrative. Describe actual changes planned at this particular facility.
- List all alternatives considered. (Post narrative detail to the CARES portal)
- Discussion of Proposed PI in relation to the CARES criteria

Proximity Narrative:

No Impact

Resolution Narrative of Small Facility PI

A narrative summary of proposed resolution and alternatives considered, with an overview of criteria.

- Describe the current situation.
- List all alternatives considered. (Post narrative detail to the CARES portal)
- Describe the preferred alternative and its impact on the CARES Criteria.
- Provide more detail than provided at the Network level narrative. Describe actual changes planned at this particular facility.

Small Facility Narrative:

The resolution of the Small Facility PI is significant in that the option selected for implementation will not only impact resolutions for many of the remaining PIs, but have significant impact on access to healthcare services for veterans served within the Market. The option to increase acute beds at Prescott directly interrelates with options to resolve the Phoenix Inpatient Medicine PI gap, the Outpatient Specialty Care gap for both Prescott and Phoenix and the Outpatient Primary Care gap for Prescott and Phoenix. Given the current high quality of care provided, the preferred Option 1 would enhance the quantity, quality and accessibility of Inpatient Medical care available at NAVAHCS and at VAMC Phoenix. In-house location ensures medical support is readily available, as well

as, outpatient mental health consults and follow-up. It maintains continuity and direct VA control of all quality parameters, prevention indexes and clinical indicators. Option 2 requires the expense and additional space of relocating a specialty clinic at the Phoenix VA. Medical records for NAVAHCS inpatients would not be in CPRS. Fragmentation of care between primary and VA-based specialty/in-patient care may arise. Also, YRMC staff are not familiar with the unique veteran population needs.

Safety and Environment: Option 1 would activate 19 medical beds on a ward that previously functioned as a medical ward. Activation will be at minimal cost, renovation and staffing. In-house space ensures proper layout, quantity, and compliance with auditing and review bodies such as JCAHO, Life Safety codes and ADA. NAVAHCS' RCA process was recognized as best practice by Dr. Bagian, Director, National Center for Patient Safety.

Healthcare Quality as Measured by Access: Option 1 enhances the ability for NAVAHCS to add medical specialties and reduce the necessity of transfer for many patients from NAVAHCS. With Option 2, historically YRMC has not had bed or staffing capacity to accommodate even limited referrals from overflow or emergencies.

Research and Affiliations: The preferred Option 1 would expand the pool of teaching cases for medical students and all other allied health students. Option 2 would have a very negative impact on NAVAHCS' clinical affiliations.

Staffing and Community: Option 1 contributes to NAVAHCS' ability to recruit physicians and specialists. NAVAHCS has a low nursing turn over rate and has been successful recruiting nurses. It allows NAVAHCS to provide community inpatient care in emergency/disasters. With Option 2 it is important to note that YRMC has unstaffed beds due to nursing recruitment challenges. The absence of local VA medical beds will make recruitment of physicians and specialists very challenging. If inpatient workload is not transferred from Phoenix to Prescott, Phoenix is likely to have even a greater nurse recruitment challenge.

Optimizing Use of Resources: Option 1 makes much better use of NAVAHCS' resources with a minimal impact on Phoenix resources. Option 2 requires significant capital outlay for Phoenix and a large contract expense for NAVAHCS. Utilizing VA employees to staff NAVAHCS' reactivated ward will be less expensive and provide more flexibility than contract care. The reactivation of existing space is less costly than new VA construction.

Support of other Missions of VA: Option 1 will allow NAVAHCS to provide support during community and/or national emergencies. It also provides a ready VA location for Phoenix to transfer lower acuity patients to in a national emergency, so that Phoenix could offer more beds to address the national emergency. Phoenix is a national commercial airport hub and a primary referral facility for DOD contingency cases via Luke Air Force Base. Option 2 would destroy this back-up support potential and NAVAHCS would no longer be able to provide support for VA/DOD contingency inpatient care. See Small Facility Narrative on CARES Portal for detailed information.

DOD Collaborative Opportunities

Describe DOD Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

DOD Narrative:

No Impact

VBA Collaborative Opportunities

Describe VBA Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

VBA Narrative:

No Impact

NCA Collaborative Opportunities

Describe NCA Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

NCA Narrative:

NCA – Build a Columbarium: NAVAHCS maintains a 15 acre National Cemetery which has been closed to new interments since the mid 1970's. This proposed Columbarium is an estimated \$1.5 million dollar project, funded by the National Cemetery Administration to provide approximately 3000 niches of columbarium at the Prescott National Cemetery, located adjacent to the NAVAHCS campus. This project is currently in design and has an anticipated construction in 2004.

Top Enhanced Use Market Opportunity

Describe EU Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

Enhanced Use Narrative:

No Impact

Resolution of VISN Identified PIs

A narrative summary of proposed resolution and alternatives considered, with an overview of criteria.

- Describe the status Quo.
- Describe the preferred alternative and its impact on the CARES Criteria.
Provide more detail than provided at the Network level narrative.
- Describe actual changes planned at this particular facility.
- List all alternatives considered. (Post narrative detail to the CARES portal)
- Discussion of Proposed PI in relation to the CARES criteria

VISN Identified Planning Initiatives Narrative:

No Impact

b. Resolution of Capacity Planning Initiatives

Proposed Management of Workload – FY 2012

# BDOCs proposed by Market Plans in VISN												
	# BDOCs demand projections)	(from projections)	Total BDOCs	Variance from 2001	Contract	Joint Ventures	Transfer Out	Transfer In	In Sharing	Sell	In House	Net Present Value
INPATIENT CARE	FY 2012	(223)	13,940	5,620	140	-	-	-	-	-	13,800	\$ (75,979,946)
Medicine	8,097	(97)	89	(96)	68	-	-	-	-	-	21	\$ -
Surgery	30,212	-	30,212	-	303	-	-	-	-	-	29,909	\$ -
Intermediate/NHCU	478	11	479	12	479	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ 1,834,072
Psychiatry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ -
PRRTP	37,034	-	37,034	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	37,034	\$ -
Domiciliary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ -
Spinal Cord Injury	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ -
Blind Rehab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ -
Total	75,910	(308)	81,754	5,536	990	-	-	-	-	-	80,764	\$ (74,145,874)
Clinic Stops proposed by Market Plans in VISN												
	Clinic Stops demand projections)	(from projections)	Total Stops	Variance from 2001	Contract	Joint Ventures	Transfer Out	Transfer In	In Sharing	Sell	In House	Net Present Value
OUTPATIENT CARE	FY 2012	(4,963)	62,250	3,183	2,590	-	-	-	-	-	59,660	\$ (17,122,006)
Primary Care	54,104	(4,963)	47,184	19,925	4,719	-	-	-	-	-	42,465	\$ 17,581,840
Specialty Care	58,497	31,238	28,228	2,968	2,061	-	-	-	-	-	26,167	\$ (907,010)
Mental Health	28,227	2,967	71,052	6,363	8,527	-	-	-	-	-	62,525	\$ (320,326)
Ancillary & Diagnostics	71,051	6,362	208,714	32,439	17,897	-	-	-	-	-	190,817	\$ (767,502)
Total	211,880	35,604	208,714	32,439	17,897	-	-	-	-	-	190,817	\$ (767,502)

Proposed Management of Space – FY 2012

	Space (GSF) (from demand projections)		Space (GSF) proposed by Market Plans in VISN									
	FY 2012	Variance from 2001	Space Driver Projection	Variance from 2001	Existing GSF	Convert Vacant	New Construction	Donated Space	Leased Space	Enhanced Use	Total Proposed Space	Space Needed/ Moved to Vacant
INPATIENT CARE	Medicine	16,673	28,704	16,535	12,169	12,000	-	-	-	-	24,169	(4,535)
	Surgery	35	35	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(35)
	Intermediate Care/NHCU	47,196	47,195	(1)	47,196	-	-	-	-	-	47,196	1
	Psychiatry	776	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	PRRTP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Domiciliary program	51,729	51,729	-	51,729	-	-	-	-	-	51,729	-
	Spinal Cord Injury	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Blind Rehab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	116,410	5,316	127,663	16,569	111,094	12,000	-	-	-	-	123,094	(4,569)
	Space (GSF) (from demand projections)		Space (GSF) proposed by Market Plan									
OUTPATIENT CARE	FY 2012	Variance from 2001	Space Driver Projection	Variance from 2001	Existing GSF	Convert Vacant	New Construction	Donated Space	Leased Space	Enhanced Use	Total Proposed Space	Space Needed/ Moved to Vacant
	Primary Care	26,241	29,830	5,705	24,125	-	-	-	-	-	24,125	(5,705)
	Specialty Care	57,913	46,712	31,442	15,270	11,419	15,000	-	-	-	41,689	(5,023)
	Mental Health	14,439	14,392	5,846	8,546	-	-	-	3,500	-	12,046	(2,346)
	Ancillary and Diagnostics	40,016	40,016	11,423	28,593	4,000	-	-	-	-	32,593	(7,423)
Total	138,609	62,075	130,950	54,416	76,534	15,419	15,000	-	3,500	-	110,453	(20,497)
NON-CLINICAL	FY 2012	Variance from 2001	Space Driver Projection	Variance from 2001	Existing GSF	Convert Vacant	New Construction	Donated Space	Leased Space	Enhanced Use	Total Proposed Space	Space Needed/ Moved to Vacant
	Research	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Administrative	181,063	183,615	51,310	132,305	-	23,000	-	-	-	155,305	(28,310)
	Other	8,645	8,645	-	8,645	-	-	-	-	-	8,645	-
Total	189,708	48,758	192,260	51,310	140,950	-	23,000	-	-	-	163,950	(28,310)

5. Facility Level Information – Tucson

a. Resolution of VISN Level Planning Initiatives

Resolution Narrative of Proximity PI

A narrative summary of proposed resolution and alternatives considered, with an overview of criteria.

- Describe the status Quo.
- Describe the preferred alternative and its impact on the CARES Criteria. Provide more detail than provided at the Network level narrative. Describe actual changes planned at this particular facility.
- List all alternatives considered. (Post narrative detail to the CARES portal)
- Discussion of Proposed PI in relation to the CARES criteria

Proximity Narrative:

No Impact

Resolution Narrative of Small Facility PI

A narrative summary of proposed resolution and alternatives considered, with an overview of criteria.

- Describe the current situation.
- List all alternatives considered. (Post narrative detail to the CARES portal)
- Describe the preferred alternative and its impact on the CARES Criteria.
- Provide more detail than provided at the Network level narrative. Describe actual changes planned at this particular facility.

Small Facility Narrative:

No Impact

DOD Collaborative Opportunities

Describe DOD Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

DOD Narrative:

No Impact

VBA Collaborative Opportunities

Describe VBA Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

VBA Narrative:

No Impact

NCA Collaborative Opportunities

Describe NCA Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

NCA Narrative:

No Impact

Top Enhanced Use Market Opportunity

Describe EU Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

Enhanced Use Narrative:

No Impact

Resolution of VISN Identified PIs

A narrative summary of proposed resolution and alternatives considered, with an overview of criteria.

- Describe the status Quo.
- Describe the preferred alternative and its impact on the CARES Criteria.
Provide more detail than provided at the Network level narrative.
- Describe actual changes planned at this particular facility.
- List all alternatives considered. (Post narrative detail to the CARES portal)
- Discussion of Proposed PI in relation to the CARES criteria

VISN Identified Planning Initiatives Narrative:

Expanding clinical research space for the Phoenix and Tucson VA facilities was identified as an issue by the CARES PI team. Based on the current research allocation model (1 sq.ft. per \$150 of grant money), Tucson's research space as a baseline should be 33,490 sq.ft. The CARES Space and Functional Survey identified 35,661 sq.ft. of research space; however, the survey also identified that most of the space was not up to current standards and codes. The CARES Space survey grading of our research space identified that a significant percentage of our space has an average CARES condition code of D.

Using the CARES space allocation model, we are projecting that within five years we will need 10,884 sq.ft. of additional research space and an additional 15,000 sq.ft. by 2022. Factors for this projection are as follows: 1.) A trended annual growth rate in grant funding, adjusted for inflation and expected leveling off of growth. 2.) The nation Human Genome project was awarded to the state of Arizona. The two state universities will be actively involved with this project. 3.) The creation of a molecular diagnostics and research laboratory (MDRL) at the Tucson VAMC. Our MDRL is one of the few in the state to provide this technology and expertise. The MDRL's goals are to support and advance laboratory standards for patient care, medical research and medical education. 4.) A key to successfully recruiting clinical specialists in the VA is the opportunity to conduct research in an academic setting. This is a critical need given that outpatient specialty was identified as a significant capacity gap for our medical center.

SAVAHCS plans to address the problems with our current research space and need for additional space through the submission of a Minor project (5000 sq.ft.) for research wet laboratories in 2003/2004, renovation of current substandard research space and through the submission of another Minor project (6000 sq.ft.) for research wet laboratories in 2007/2008.

b. Resolution of Capacity Planning Initiatives

Proposed Management of Workload – FY 2012

# BDOCs proposed by Market Plans in VISN											
	# BDOCs (from demand projections)										
	FY 2012	Variance from 2001	Total BDOCs	Variance from 2001	Contract	Joint Ventures	Transfer Out	Transfer In	In Sharing	Sell	In House
INPATIENT CARE											
Medicine	21,595	6,355	21,596	6,356	3,770	-	-	-	-	-	17,826
Surgery	10,634	560	10,635	561	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,635
Intermediate/NHCU	91,751	-	91,751	-	65,144	-	-	-	-	-	26,607
Psychiatry	11,633	2,244	11,634	2,245	2,956	-	-	-	-	-	8,678
PRRTP	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Domiciliary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Spinal Cord Injury	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Blind Rehab	10,969	-	10,969	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,969
Total	146,586	9,160	146,588	9,162	71,870	-	-	-	-	-	74,718
# BDOCs proposed by Market Plans in VISN											
	# BDOCs (from demand projections)										
	FY 2012	Variance from 2001	Total Stops	Variance from 2001	Contract	Joint Ventures	Transfer Out	Transfer In	In Sharing	Sell	In House
OUTPATIENT CARE											
Primary Care	173,069	31,244	173,069	31,244	37,508	-	-	-	-	-	135,561
Specialty Care	187,162	67,709	187,163	67,710	27,346	-	-	-	-	-	159,817
Mental Health	70,892	24,899	70,892	24,900	17,747	-	-	-	442	530	54,117
Ancillary & Diagnostics	208,256	74,260	208,257	74,261	4,166	-	-	-	-	-	204,091
Total	639,379	198,112	639,381	198,114	86,767	-	-	-	442	530	553,586
											\$ (14,980,656)

Proposed Management of Space – FY 2012

	Space (GSF) (from demand projections)		Space (GSF) proposed by Market Plans in VISN									
	FY 2012	Variance from 2001	Space Driver Projection	Variance from 2001	Existing GSF	Convert Vacant	New Construction	Donated Space	Leased Space	Enhanced Use	Total Proposed Space	Space Needed/ Moved to Vacant
INPATIENT CARE	Medicine	44,021	21,438	37,078	14,495	22,583	-	-	-	7,000	29,583	(7,495)
	Surgery	18,505	2,004	18,505	2,004	16,501	-	-	-	-	16,501	(2,004)
	Intermediate Care/NHCU	26,159	-	26,158	(1)	26,159	-	-	-	-	26,159	1
	Psychiatry	18,847	9,378	14,058	4,589	9,469	-	3,000	-	-	12,469	(1,589)
	PRRTP	-	(1,473)	14	(1,459)	1,473	-	-	-	-	1,473	1,459
	Domiciliary program	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Spinal Cord Injury	31,824	31,824	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Blind Rehab	-	(31,824)	31,824	-	31,824	-	-	-	-	-	31,824	-
Total	139,356	31,347	127,637	19,628	108,009	-	3,000	-	-	7,000	118,009	(9,628)
	Space (GSF) (from demand projections)		Space (GSF) proposed by Market Plan									
OUTPATIENT CARE	FY 2012	Variance from 2001	Space Driver Projection	Variance from 2001	Existing GSF	Convert Vacant	New Construction	Donated Space	Leased Space	Enhanced Use	Total Proposed Space	Space Needed/ Moved to Vacant
	Primary Care	94,963	21,731	79,981	6,749	73,232	-	-	-	-	73,232	(6,749)
	Specialty Care	193,527	111,326	175,799	93,598	82,201	1,459	46,500	3,500	-	133,660	(42,139)
	Mental Health	35,871	25,173	29,764	19,066	10,698	-	7,500	4,500	-	22,698	(7,066)
	Ancillary and Diagnostics	130,619	88,105	130,618	88,104	42,514	-	56,000	-	-	98,514	(32,104)
Total	454,980	246,335	416,162	207,517	208,645	1,459	110,000	-	8,000	-	328,104	(88,058)
NON-CLINICAL	FY 2012	Variance from 2001	Space Driver Projection	Variance from 2001	Existing GSF	Convert Vacant	New Construction	Donated Space	Leased Space	Enhanced Use	Total Proposed Space	Space Needed/ Moved to Vacant
	Research	-	(35,661)	50,634	14,973	35,661	-	6,000	-	-	41,661	(8,973)
	Administrative	277,199	122,595	261,551	106,947	154,604	-	50,000	-	-	204,604	(56,947)
	Other	18,058	-	18,058	-	18,058	-	-	-	-	18,058	-
Total	295,257	86,934	330,243	121,920	208,323	-	56,000	-	-	-	264,323	(65,920)

B. New Mexico – West Texas Market

1. Description of Market

a. Market Definition

New Mexico & West Texas Markets			
Market	Includes	Rationale:	Shared Counties:
New Mexico & West Texas (NM/WT) Market Code: 18B	116 counties in New Mexico and West Texas plus 3 in So. Col. & 2 in Okla.	The New Mexico/West Texas CARES Market Area (NM/WTCMA) includes the tertiary care New Mexico HCS, the secondary care sites of West Texas HCS and Amarillo HCS, and the El Paso HCS (independent outpatient clinic) along with their 23 CBOCs. Available services include inpatient, primary care, specialty care, long-term care and mental health. This market area is based on existing referral patterns between all the Texas facilities to Albuquerque for complex inpatient and specialty care. Additionally, large driving distances across remote stretches of sparsely populated counties separate the facilities. While NM and West Texas have freeways, the vast size of the area and the rural quality of many counties dictate that veterans travel over non-freeways to access VA facilities. Nearly all New Mexico and West Texas counties are forecast to increase the number of veteran enrollees through 2010.	After discussions with both VISNs 17 and 19, no current sharing opportunities were identified. The placement of a CBOC in Durango, Colorado resolves the underserved portion of Southern Colorado. Existing referral patterns of our CBOC's located near VISN 17's western border are nearly exclusively with VISN 18 facilities and no new CBOCs are planned.
Sub-Markets	Counties	Rationale	Shared Counties
NM/WT: Northern Sub- Market Code: 18B-1	65 counties in Northern New Mexico and West Texas,	The NM/WT Northern Sub-Market was selected as it demonstrates sufficient access to both primary care and inpatient services. The New Mexico and Amarillo Health Care Systems (HCS) have historically shown strong referral patterns for specialty services.	See comments above for the NM/WT Market Area.

	Southern Colorado and Oklahoma.	Highway access is very good connecting both locations via Interstate 40.	
NM/WT Southern Sub-Market Code: 18B-2	56 counties in Southern New Mexico and West Texas	The NM/WT Southern Sub-Market was selected because while it demonstrates sufficient access to primary care, our analysis shows that less than 50% of the residents have convenient access to VA inpatient services. Those who do seek inpatient care at the West Texas HCS travel to an isolated portion of West Texas with no major interstates and remote air service. Historically, WTHCS has maintained a strong referral pattern with the independent outpatient clinic located in El Paso. With a similar population density to the northern sub-market, additional planning is desirable to ensure that patients residing in the southern sub-market have reasonable access to the fullest continuum of care possible.	See comments above for the NM/WT Market Area.

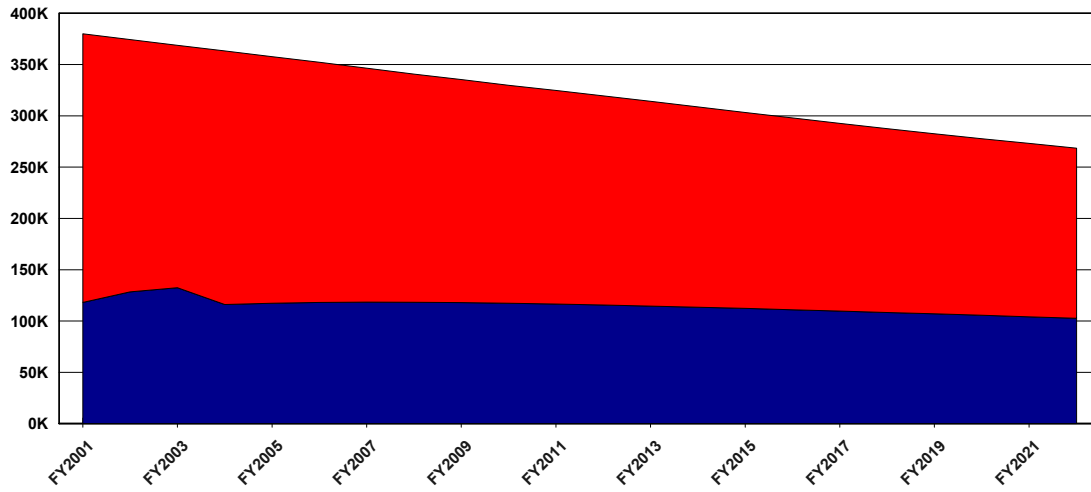
b. Facility List

VISN : 18				
Facility	Primary	Hospital	Tertiary	Other
Albuquerque				
501 New Mexico HCS	✓	✓	✓	-
Amarillo				
504 Amarillo HCS	✓	✓	-	-
504BY Lubbock TX	✓	-	-	-
Big Spring				
519 West Texas HCS	✓	✓	-	-
El Paso OPC				
756 El Paso HCS	✓	✓	-	-

c. Veteran Population and Enrollment Trends

----- Projected Veteran Population

----- Projected Enrollees



d. List of All Planning Initiatives & Collaborative Opportunities

CARES Categories Planning Initiatives						
New Mexico-West Texas Market			February 2003 (New)			
Market PI	Category	Type Of Gap	FY2012 Gap	FY2012 %Gap	FY2022 Gap	FY2022 %Gap
	Access to Primary Care	Access				
	Access to Hospital Care	Access				
	Access to Tertiary Care	Access				
N	Primary Care Outpatient Stops	Population Based	-337	0%	-72,923	-20%
		Treating Facility Based	-18,426	-5%	-89,906	-23%
Y	Specialty Care Outpatient Stops	Population Based	137,287	53%	76,738	30%
		Treating Facility Based	137,947	52%	78,688	30%
Y	Mental Health Outpatient Stops	Population Based	62,170	52%	20,059	17%
		Treating Facility Based	56,443	49%	19,512	17%
Y	Medicine Inpatient Beds	Population Based	75	59%	36	28%
		Treating Facility Based	70	55%	32	25%
N	Surgery Inpatient Beds	Population Based	4	6%	-10	-14%
		Treating Facility Based	6	9%	-8	-12%
Y	Psychiatry Inpatient Beds	Population Based	29	41%	11	16%
		Treating Facility Based	29	49%	11	18%

e. Stakeholder Information

Discussion of stakeholder input and how concerns/issues were addressed.

Stakeholder Narrative:

We had good input from our stakeholders through the VISN 18 CARES Steering Committee. Input from the Americal Legion, PVA, and others influenced the outcome of our market plan.

f. Shared Market Discussion

Detailed info at the facility level for this specific market. Include any linkages with other VISNs for Shared Markets.

Shared Market Narrative:

No Impact

g. Overview of Market Plan

Detailed info at the facility level for this specific market. Include strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and potential obstacles associated with the Market Plan.

Executive Summary Narrative:

The New Mexico/West Texas Market consisting of VA Health Care Systems in Albuquerque, Amarillo, Big Spring, and El Paso, considered a number of options for each identified Planning Initiative (PI) and selected a preferred option from a number of alternatives. It should be noted that while no significant cost differences were detected, decisions were driven by factors such as access, quality, patient satisfaction and convenience. The preferred options are summarized below:

Access – Hospital & Tertiary Care Preferred Option: Expand the joint venture at El Paso to provide hospital and tertiary care beds and contract for hospital beds in Lubbock. In order to insure that there is adequate and stable health care provider staff, the network feels strongly that VA must lease space from William Beaumont Army Medical Center (WBAMC) for inpatient beds, VA must control the space VA leases from WBAMC and the inpatient bed staff must be employees of the VA not the Army because the Army staff is frequently deployed, and that VA and WBAMC will share staff for ancillary services.

Outpatient Primary Care Non-PI: This is not a PI but impacts Outpatient Specialty Care that is a PI. All four facilities will consider reducing the amount of primary care that is accomplished at their parent facilities and move that primary care to their existing and new CBOCs. This will allow space vacated by primary care due to reduced projected demand to be utilized by outpatient specialty care and outpatient mental health care.

Outpatient Specialty Care PI Preferred Option: All four facilities will increase their outpatient specialty care at the home facilities in the space vacated by outpatient primary care and by adding additional space as required. VA Big Spring will investigate the options for providing specialty care in the population centers of Midland/Odessa. The network selected it as the preferred option, based on access, quality, continuity of care, and maintaining complete patient records.

Outpatient Mental Health PI Preferred Option: All four facilities will increase their outpatient mental health capacity in accordance with the VISN mental health plan. The intent is to bring VISN 18 up to the national average of 20%. The remainder of the outpatient mental health gap will be addressed at the parent facilities and via contract and/or increased sharing with DoD. The network felt that by contracting this care out to the private sector would make it more difficult to ensure the best quality of care for patients.

Inpatient Psychiatry PI Preferred Option: VA Albuquerque will increase their operating beds by 2 to total 28. The remaining 27-bed gap in that market area will be met by establishing an Inpatient Psychiatry unit at El Paso as a VA/DoD joint venture. All facilities will maintain contracts with the private sector for emergencies. This decision is based on access and the need for patients

to be accessible to their families and significant others. Inpatient Medicine Bed PI Preferred Option: The Inpatient Medicine Bed gap of 75 additional beds will be met by reactivating inpatient beds at Albuquerque and Amarillo, through a VA/DoD sharing agreement at El Paso, and by maintaining existing medical beds at Big Spring. - The Steering Committee had consensus on this option based on access and the need for families and significant others to be near patients during their inpatient stays. Surgical Beds – Non PI Preferred Option: This initiative arose as a VA Central Office request for VISN 18 to review the inpatient surgery beds at Big Spring as part of CARES. The network reviewed the workload by type of surgical procedures, location of veterans receiving surgical procedures, and the clinical guidelines on the quantity of procedures performed to insure a high skill level by the surgical team and concluded that the preferred option is to close inpatient surgical beds at VA Big Spring and reassign the workload to the community hospital nearest the veteran.

2. Resolution of Market Level Planning Initiatives: Access

Narrative on the impact on access to healthcare services, using VA standards when available.

- If you had an Access PI, describe all alternatives considered, identifying which ones were compared financially in the IBM application.
- Describe the impact on the percentage of the market area enrollees achieving standard travel distance/times for accessing different levels of care

Access Narrative:

No Impact

Service Type	Baseline FY 2001		Proposed FY 2012		Proposed FY 2022	
	% of enrollees within Guidelines	# of enrollees outside access Guidelines	% of enrollees within Guidelines	# of enrollees outside access Guidelines	% of enrollees within Guidelines	# of enrollees outside access Guidelines
Primary Care	1%	126,463	1%	114,471	1%	101,678
Hospital Care	57%	54,928	67%	38,157	66%	34,920
Tertiary Care	54%	58,760	78%	25,438	79%	21,568

Guidelines:

Primary Care: Urban & Rural Counties – 30 minutes drive time
Highly Rural Counties– 60 minutes drive time

Hospital Care: Urban Counties – 60 minutes drive time
Rural Counties – 90 minutes drive time
Highly Rural Counties – 120 minutes drive time

Tertiary Care: Urban & Rural Counties – 4 hours
Highly Rural Counties – within VISN

3. Facility Level Information – Albuquerque

a. Resolution of VISN Level Planning Initiatives

Resolution Narrative of Proximity PI

A narrative summary of proposed resolution and alternatives considered, with an overview of criteria.

- Describe the status Quo.
- Describe the preferred alternative and its impact on the CARES Criteria. Provide more detail than provided at the Network level narrative. Describe actual changes planned at this particular facility.
- List all alternatives considered. (Post narrative detail to the CARES portal)
- Discussion of Proposed PI in relation to the CARES criteria

Proximity Narrative:

No Impact

Resolution Narrative of Small Facility PI

A narrative summary of proposed resolution and alternatives considered, with an overview of criteria.

- Describe the current situation.
- List all alternatives considered. (Post narrative detail to the CARES portal)
- Describe the preferred alternative and its impact on the CARES Criteria.
- Provide more detail than provided at the Network level narrative. Describe actual changes planned at this particular facility.

Small Facility Narrative:

No Impact

DOD Collaborative Opportunities

Describe DOD Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

DOD Narrative:

VA Albuquerque has an active sharing agreement with the Air Force since the mid 1980s.

VBA Collaborative Opportunities

Describe VBA Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

VBA Narrative:

No Impact

NCA Collaborative Opportunities

Describe NCA Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

NCA Narrative:

No Impact

Top Enhanced Use Market Opportunity

Describe EU Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

Enhanced Use Narrative:

VISN 18 submitted an enhanced use initiative for a multi-use project to colocate the VBA Regional Office onto the medical center in addition to a lodging facility and assisted living facility. It is still in OAEM.

Resolution of VISN Identified PIs

A narrative summary of proposed resolution and alternatives considered, with an overview of criteria.

- Describe the status Quo.
- Describe the preferred alternative and its impact on the CARES Criteria. Provide more detail than provided at the Network level narrative.
- Describe actual changes planned at this particular facility.
- List all alternatives considered. (Post narrative detail to the CARES portal)
- Discussion of Proposed PI in relation to the CARES criteria

VISN Identified Planning Initiatives Narrative:

The NMVAHCS currently supports 42,251 square feet of space dedicated to research. Based on our Space Driver information, the facility should support approximately 51,000 square feet of dedicated research space. Existing research space was originally staff housing built in 1932. This infrastructure is poorly designed for today's research efforts. Existing Principal Investigators have no room to expand their efforts. New Principal Investigators have requested and received off-site waivers from the Medical Research Service in the past year. Research space at the University of New Mexico Health Sciences Center is currently being used in the areas of gastroenterology and infectious disease. In 2002, new investigators, well funded, have declined to relocate to the NMVAHCS. Individuals have declined in the areas of Gastroenterology and Rheumatology. Efforts to attract skilled physicians in these fields have suffered in the recent past and hindered the delivery of medical care to veterans utilizing this facility. The NMVAHCS is a participant in the New Mexico Cancer Care Alliance (NMCCA). Today there are new and exciting changes in cancer research. The NMVAHCS has no space available to dedicate to this program. Very few veterans participate in clinical trials at this facility, there is no space to dedicate to these projects. Recruiting for specialty physicians in the areas of

Rheumatology and Gastroenterology have been unsuccessful, there is no research space to dedicate to these specialties. Renovation of the existing research space will not be adequate in the future. A new facility of 60,000 square feet of space is proposed. New areas of research would occur in social behavioral, psychiatric and addictive disorders. Expansions would be feasible in existing neurological and sensory disorders research. Currently there is very little space available to support cardiovascular and pulmonary disorders research. Expertise in these areas of research exists at the NMVAHCS. New grant proposals have been funded in the past year in both cardiovascular and pulmonary areas of research. The University of New Mexico School of Medicine has excellent programs that attract candidates from around the country. To keep these physicians practicing in the state of New Mexico we need to have programs available for entry-level physician scientists. The existing infrastructure does not support this need to prepare for adequate health care for New Mexico's veterans in the future. Based on nominal funding growth projections of 2% per annum, the research space needs will grow to 63,000 square feet in FY 2012 and to 76,000 square feet in FY 2022. This growth in space need coupled with the outdated existing space must be addressed by construction of 60,000 square feet of state of the art research space.

b. Resolution of Capacity Planning Initiatives

Proposed Management of Workload – FY 2012

# BDOCs proposed by Market Plans in VISN												
	# BDOCs (from demand projections)		Total BDOCs	Variance from 2001	Contract	Joint Ventures	Transfer Out	Transfer In	In Sharing	Sell	In House	Net Present Value
INPATIENT CARE	FY 2012	Variance from 2001										
Medicine	27,042	8,217	24,331	5,506	1,242	-	-	-	-	-	23,089	\$ 71,965,754
Surgery	15,862	2,850	15,863	2,851	318	-	-	-	-	-	15,545	\$ (1,843,969)
Intermediate/NHCU	92,048	-	92,048	-	88,367	-	-	-	-	-	3,681	\$ -
Psychiatry	11,436	4,192	11,437	4,193	801	-	-	-	-	-	10,636	\$ -
PRRTP	7,330	-	7,330	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,330	\$ -
Domiciliary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ -
Spinal Cord Injury	6,532	-	6,532	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,532	\$ -
Blind Rehab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ -
Total	160,251	15,260	157,541	12,550	90,728	-	-	-	-	-	66,813	\$ 70,121,785
Clinic Stops proposed by Market Plans in VISN												
	Clinic Stops (from demand projections)		Total Stops	Variance from 2001	Contract	Joint Ventures	Transfer Out	Transfer In	In Sharing	Sell	In House	Net Present Value
OUTPATIENT CARE	FY 2012	Variance from 2001										
Primary Care	165,601	(3,806)	162,605	(6,801)	9,918	-	-	-	-	-	152,687	\$ 7,372,397
Specialty Care	168,126	44,083	151,430	27,387	1,515	-	-	-	-	-	149,915	\$ 43,163,378
Mental Health	86,382	17,840	86,382	17,840	2,368	-	-	-	-	-	84,014	\$ (153,018)
Ancillary & Diagnostics	181,435	15,483	181,435	15,483	3,629	-	-	-	-	-	177,806	\$ (5,485,476)
Total	601,543	73,600	581,852	53,909	17,430	-	-	-	-	-	564,422	\$ 44,897,281

Proposed Management of Space – FY 2012

	Space (GSF) (from demand projections)			Space (GSF) proposed by Market Plans in VISN								
	FY 2012	Variance from 2001	Space Driver Projection	Variance from 2001	Existing GSF	Convert Vacant	New Construction	Donated Space	Leased Space	Enhanced Use	Total Proposed Space	Space Needed/ Moved to Vacant
INPATIENT CARE	Medicine	53,999	13,529	48,025	7,555	40,470	-	-	-	-	40,470	(7,555)
	Surgery	25,806	9,467	25,805	9,466	16,339	-	8,000	-	-	24,339	(1,466)
	Intermediate Care/NHCU	14,248	-	14,244	(4)	14,248	-	-	-	-	14,248	4
	Psychiatry	23,400	4,600	23,399	4,599	18,800	-	-	-	-	18,800	(4,599)
	PRRTP	5,560	-	5,560	-	5,560	-	-	-	-	5,560	-
	Domiciliary program	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Spinal Cord Injury	-	(24,462)	24,462	-	24,462	-	-	-	-	24,462	-
Blind Rehab	24,462	24,462	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	147,475	27,596	141,495	21,616	119,879	-	8,000	-	-	-	127,879	(13,616)
	Space (GSF) (from demand projections)			Space (GSF) proposed by Market Plan								
	FY 2012	Variance from 2001	Space Driver Projection	Variance from 2001	Existing GSF	Convert Vacant	New Construction	Donated Space	Leased Space	Enhanced Use	Total Proposed Space	Space Needed/ Moved to Vacant
OUTPATIENT CARE	Primary Care	83,612	24,862	77,870	19,120	58,750	-	-	-	23,000	81,750	3,880
	Specialty Care	221,372	106,714	199,387	84,729	114,658	1,830	35,000	-	-	151,488	(47,899)
	Mental Health	70,980	16,241	69,732	14,993	54,739	-	5,000	-	-	59,739	(9,993)
	Ancillary and Diagnostics	140,467	59,874	140,467	59,874	80,593	-	30,000	-	-	110,593	(29,874)
	Total	516,431	207,691	487,456	178,716	308,740	1,830	70,000	-	23,000	-	403,570
NON-CLINICAL		Variance from 2001	Space Driver Projection	Variance from 2001	Existing GSF	Convert Vacant	New Construction	Donated Space	Leased Space	Enhanced Use	Total Proposed Space	Space Needed/ Moved to Vacant
	Research	-	(42,251)	76,725	34,474	42,251	-	20,000	-	-	62,251	(14,474)
	Administrative	317,771	103,966	315,477	101,672	213,805	-	25,000	-	-	238,805	(76,672)
	Other	24,770	-	24,770	-	24,770	-	-	-	-	24,770	-
Total	342,541	61,715	416,972	136,146	280,826	-	45,000	-	-	-	325,826	(91,146)

4. Facility Level Information – Amarillo

a. Resolution of VISN Level Planning Initiatives

Resolution Narrative of Proximity PI

A narrative summary of proposed resolution and alternatives considered, with an overview of criteria.

- Describe the status Quo.
- Describe the preferred alternative and its impact on the CARES Criteria. Provide more detail than provided at the Network level narrative. Describe actual changes planned at this particular facility.
- List all alternatives considered. (Post narrative detail to the CARES portal)
- Discussion of Proposed PI in relation to the CARES criteria

Proximity Narrative:

No Impact

Resolution Narrative of Small Facility PI

A narrative summary of proposed resolution and alternatives considered, with an overview of criteria.

- Describe the current situation.
- List all alternatives considered. (Post narrative detail to the CARES portal)
- Describe the preferred alternative and its impact on the CARES Criteria.
- Provide more detail than provided at the Network level narrative. Describe actual changes planned at this particular facility.

Small Facility Narrative:

No Impact

DOD Collaborative Opportunities

Describe DOD Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

DOD Narrative:

No Impact

VBA Collaborative Opportunities

Describe VBA Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

VBA Narrative:

No Impact

NCA Collaborative Opportunities

Describe NCA Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

NCA Narrative:

No Impact

Top Enhanced Use Market Opportunity

Describe EU Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

Enhanced Use Narrative:

No Impact

Resolution of VISN Identified PIs

A narrative summary of proposed resolution and alternatives considered, with an overview of criteria.

- Describe the status Quo.
- Describe the preferred alternative and its impact on the CARES Criteria.
Provide more detail than provided at the Network level narrative.
- Describe actual changes planned at this particular facility.
- List all alternatives considered. (Post narrative detail to the CARES portal)
- Discussion of Proposed PI in relation to the CARES criteria

VISN Identified Planning Initiatives Narrative:

No Impact

b. Resolution of Capacity Planning Initiatives

Proposed Management of Workload – FY 2012

	# BDOCs (from demand projections)		# BDOCs proposed by Market Plans in VISN									
	FY 2012	Variance from 2001	Total BDOCs	Variance from 2001	Contract	Joint Ventures	Transfer Out	Transfer In	In Sharing	Sell	In House	Net Present Value
INPATIENT CARE												
Medicine	12,204	932	12,205	933	6,000	-	-	-	-	-	6,205	\$ (3,128,964)
Surgery	2,525	(1,757)	2,525	(1,757)	228	-	-	-	-	-	2,297	\$ -
Intermediate/NHCU	43,264	-	43,264	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43,264	\$ -
Psychiatry	1,879	646	1,880	647	1,880	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ 8,481,645
PRRTP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ -
Domiciliary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ -
Spinal Cord Injury	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ -
Blind Rehab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ -
Total	59,872	(179)	59,874	(177)	8,108	-	-	-	-	-	51,766	\$ 5,352,681
	Clinic Stops (from demand projections)		Clinic Stops proposed by Market Plans in VISN									
	FY 2012	Variance from 2001	Total Stops	Variance from 2001	Contract	Joint Ventures	Transfer Out	Transfer In	In Sharing	Sell	In House	Net Present Value
OUTPATIENT CARE												
Primary Care	77,795	(5,953)	77,795	(5,953)	2,642	-	-	-	-	-	75,153	\$ 442,723
Specialty Care	92,351	33,013	92,352	33,013	3,695	-	-	-	-	-	88,657	\$ (12,745,527)
Mental Health	26,629	10,413	26,629	10,413	1,066	-	-	-	-	-	25,563	\$ 551,569
Ancillary & Diagnostics	95,565	(9,998)	95,566	(9,997)	9,557	-	-	-	-	-	86,009	\$ (2,373,366)
Total	292,340	27,475	292,342	27,477	16,960	-	-	-	-	-	275,382	\$ (14,124,601)

Proposed Management of Space – FY 2012

	Space (GSF) proposed by Market Plans in VISN												
	Space (GSF) (from demand projections)		Variance from 2001	Space Driver Projection	Variance from 2001	Existing GSF	Convert Vacant	New Construction	Donated Space	Leased Space	Enhanced Use	Total Proposed Space	Space Needed/ Moved to Vacant
INPATIENT CARE		FY 2012											
	Medicine	24,927	8,592	13,775	(2,560)	16,335	-	-	-	-	-	16,335	2,560
	Surgery	5,744	(4,391)	5,742	(4,393)	10,135	-	-	-	-	-	10,135	4,393
	Intermediate Care/NHCU	44,066	-	44,066	-	44,066	-	-	-	-	-	44,066	-
	Psychiatry	3,015	3,015	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	PRRTP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Domiciliary program	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Spinal Cord Injury	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Blind Rehab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	77,753	7,217	63,583	(6,953)	70,536	-	-	-	-	-	-	70,536	6,953
	Space (GSF) proposed by Market Plan												
	Space (GSF) (from demand projections)		Variance from 2001	Space Driver Projection	Variance from 2001	Existing GSF	Convert Vacant	New Construction	Donated Space	Leased Space	Enhanced Use	Total Proposed Space	Space Needed/ Moved to Vacant
OUTPATIENT CARE		FY 2012											
	Primary Care	38,120	10,670	37,576	10,126	27,450	-	-	-	6,000	-	33,450	(4,126)
	Specialty Care	106,390	69,743	106,388	69,741	36,647	6,402	34,000	-	13,000	-	90,049	(16,339)
	Mental Health	16,872	6,753	16,872	6,753	10,119	-	5,000	-	-	-	15,119	(1,753)
	Ancillary and Diagnostics	55,046	26,683	55,046	26,683	28,363	-	15,000	-	-	-	43,363	(11,683)
Total	216,427	113,848	215,882	113,303	102,579	6,402	54,000	-	19,000	-	181,981	(33,901)	
NON-CLINICAL		FY 2012	Variance from 2001	Space Driver Projection	Variance from 2001	Existing GSF	Convert Vacant	New Construction	Donated Space	Leased Space	Enhanced Use	Total Proposed Space	Space Needed/ Moved to Vacant
	Research	-	(2,511)	7,307	4,796	2,511	-	3,000	-	-	-	5,511	(1,796)
	Administrative	192,849	79,238	186,402	72,791	113,611	-	40,000	-	-	-	153,611	(32,791)
	Other	19,877	-	19,877	-	19,877	-	-	-	-	-	19,877	-
Total	212,726	76,727	213,586	77,587	135,999	-	43,000	-	-	-	-	178,999	(34,587)

5. Facility Level Information – Big Spring

a. Resolution of VISN Level Planning Initiatives

Resolution Narrative of Proximity PI

A narrative summary of proposed resolution and alternatives considered, with an overview of criteria.

- Describe the status Quo.
- Describe the preferred alternative and its impact on the CARES Criteria. Provide more detail than provided at the Network level narrative. Describe actual changes planned at this particular facility.
- List all alternatives considered. (Post narrative detail to the CARES portal)
- Discussion of Proposed PI in relation to the CARES criteria

Proximity Narrative:

No Impact

Resolution Narrative of Small Facility PI

A narrative summary of proposed resolution and alternatives considered, with an overview of criteria.

- Describe the current situation.
- List all alternatives considered. (Post narrative detail to the CARES portal)
- Describe the preferred alternative and its impact on the CARES Criteria.
- Provide more detail than provided at the Network level narrative. Describe actual changes planned at this particular facility.

Small Facility Narrative:

No Impact

DOD Collaborative Opportunities

Describe DOD Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

DOD Narrative:

No Impact

VBA Collaborative Opportunities

Describe VBA Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

VBA Narrative:

No Impact

NCA Collaborative Opportunities

Describe NCA Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

NCA Narrative:

No Impact

Top Enhanced Use Market Opportunity

Describe EU Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

Enhanced Use Narrative:

No Impact

Resolution of VISN Identified PIs

A narrative summary of proposed resolution and alternatives considered, with an overview of criteria.

- Describe the status Quo.
- Describe the preferred alternative and its impact on the CARES Criteria.
Provide more detail than provided at the Network level narrative.
- Describe actual changes planned at this particular facility.
- List all alternatives considered. (Post narrative detail to the CARES portal)
- Discussion of Proposed PI in relation to the CARES criteria

VISN Identified Planning Initiatives Narrative:

No Impact

b. Resolution of Capacity Planning Initiatives

Proposed Management of Workload – FY 2012

	# BDOCs (from demand projections)		# BDOCs proposed by Market Plans in VISN									
	FY 2012	Variance from 2001	Total BDOCs	Variance from 2001	Contract	Joint Ventures	Transfer Out	Transfer In	In Sharing	Sell	In House	Net Present Value
INPATIENT CARE												
Medicine	15,330	9,061	15,330	9,061	154	-	-	-	-	-	15,176	\$ (1,675,228)
Surgery	2,814	1,251	2,814	1,251	2,814	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ (42,269,006)
Intermediate/NHCU	36,147	-	36,147	-	21,689	-	-	-	-	-	14,458	\$ -
Psychiatry	12,422	4,704	4,151	(3,567)	4,151	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ 102,588,871
PRRTP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ -
Domiciliary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ -
Spinal Cord Injury	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ -
Blind Rehab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ -
Total	66,712	15,015	58,442	6,745	28,808	-	-	-	-	-	29,634	\$ 58,644,637
	Clinic Stops (from demand projections)		Clinic Stops proposed by Market Plans in VISN									
	FY 2012	Variance from 2001	Total Stops	Variance from 2001	Contract	Joint Ventures	Transfer Out	Transfer In	In Sharing	Sell	In House	Net Present Value
OUTPATIENT CARE												
Primary Care	49,343	(4,846)	49,343	(4,845)	1,792	-	-	-	-	-	47,551	\$ 566,213
Specialty Care	59,469	38,473	59,469	38,473	7,439	-	-	-	-	-	52,030	\$ (13,940,784)
Mental Health	17,409	13,308	17,410	13,309	2,900	-	-	-	-	-	14,510	\$ (357,136)
Ancillary & Diagnostics	61,809	20,130	61,810	20,131	1,855	-	-	-	-	-	59,955	\$ (2,592,955)
Total	188,030	67,065	188,032	67,067	13,986	-	-	-	-	-	174,046	\$ (16,324,662)

Proposed Management of Space – FY 2012

	Space (GSF) (from demand projections)			Space (GSF) proposed by Market Plans in VISN										
		FY 2012	Variance from 2001	Space Driver Projection	Variance from 2001	Existing GSF	Convert Vacant	New Construction	Donated Space	Leased Space	Enhanced Use	Total Proposed Space	Space Needed/ Moved to Vacant	
INPATIENT CARE		31,568	21,834	31,566	21,832	9,734	17,000	-	-	-	-	26,734	(4,832)	
	Surgery	5,836	3,557	-	(2,279)	2,279	-	-	-	-	-	2,279		
	Intermediate Care/NHCU	15,464	-	15,463	(1)	15,464	-	-	-	-	-	15,464	1	
	Psychiatry	20,124	10,303	-	(9,821)	9,821	-	-	-	-	-	9,821		
	PRRTP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Domiciliary program	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Spinal Cord Injury	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Blind Rehab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
		72,991	35,693	47,029	9,731	37,298	17,000	-	-	-	-	54,298	7,269	
	Space (GSF) (from demand projections)			Space (GSF) proposed by Market Plan										
OUTPATIENT CARE		FY 2012	Variance from 2001	Space Driver Projection	Variance from 2001	Existing GSF	Convert Vacant	New Construction	Donated Space	Leased Space	Enhanced Use	Total Proposed Space	Space Needed/ Moved to Vacant	
	Primary Care	36,267	(10,944)	35,663	(11,548)	47,211	-	-	-	-	-	47,211	11,548	
	Specialty Care	85,505	72,206	82,207	68,908	13,299	3,527	53,000	-	1,000	-	70,826	(11,381)	
	Mental Health	12,283	2,741	12,043	2,501	9,542	-	-	-	4,500	-	14,042	1,999	
	Ancillary and Diagnostics	38,372	22,818	38,371	22,817	15,554	-	15,000	-	-	-	30,554	(7,817)	
	Total	172,426	86,820	168,284	82,678	85,606	3,527	68,000	-	-	5,500	162,633	(5,651)	
NON-CLINICAL			Variance from 2001	Space Driver Projection	Variance from 2001	Existing GSF	Convert Vacant	New Construction	Donated Space	Leased Space	Enhanced Use	Total Proposed Space	Space Needed/ Moved to Vacant	
	Research	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Administrative	176,700	88,677	155,025	67,002	88,023	2,579	40,000	-	-	-	130,602	(24,423)	
	Other	11,173	-	11,173	-	11,173	-	-	-	-	-	11,173	-	
	Total	187,873	88,677	166,198	67,002	99,196	2,579	40,000	-	-	-	141,775	(24,423)	

6. Facility Level Information – El Paso

a. Resolution of VISN Level Planning Initiatives

Resolution Narrative of Proximity PI

A narrative summary of proposed resolution and alternatives considered, with an overview of criteria.

- Describe the status Quo.
- Describe the preferred alternative and its impact on the CARES Criteria. Provide more detail than provided at the Network level narrative. Describe actual changes planned at this particular facility.
- List all alternatives considered. (Post narrative detail to the CARES portal)
- Discussion of Proposed PI in relation to the CARES criteria

Proximity Narrative:

No Impact

Resolution Narrative of Small Facility PI

A narrative summary of proposed resolution and alternatives considered, with an overview of criteria.

- Describe the current situation.
- List all alternatives considered. (Post narrative detail to the CARES portal)
- Describe the preferred alternative and its impact on the CARES Criteria.
- Provide more detail than provided at the Network level narrative. Describe actual changes planned at this particular facility.

Small Facility Narrative:

No Impact

DOD Collaborative Opportunities

Describe DOD Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

DOD Narrative:

VA El Paso has an active sharing agreement with the Army since the late 1980s. As a CARES initiative we are proposing that VA occupy and staff an inpatient medicine ward and an inpatient psychiatry ward at the William Beaumont Army Medical Center adjacent to the VA. It is necessary for the VA to manage and staff the inpatient beds because the Army staff are frequently deployed resulting in unreliable staffing.

VBA Collaborative Opportunities

Describe VBA Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

VBA Narrative:

No Impact

NCA Collaborative Opportunities

Describe NCA Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

NCA Narrative:

No Impact

Top Enhanced Use Market Opportunity

Describe EU Collaborative opportunities and how they support the resolution of workload or other Planning Initiatives. Briefly describe how they impact the CARES criteria.

Enhanced Use Narrative:

No Impact

Resolution of VISN Identified PIs

A narrative summary of proposed resolution and alternatives considered, with an overview of criteria.

- Describe the status Quo.
- Describe the preferred alternative and its impact on the CARES Criteria.
Provide more detail than provided at the Network level narrative.
- Describe actual changes planned at this particular facility.
- List all alternatives considered. (Post narrative detail to the CARES portal)
- Discussion of Proposed PI in relation to the CARES criteria

VISN Identified Planning Initiatives Narrative:

No Impact

b. Resolution of Capacity Planning Initiatives

Proposed Management of Workload – FY 2012

# BDOCs proposed by Market Plans in VISN											
	# BDOC's demand projections	(from demand projections)									
	FY 2012	Variance from 2001	Total BDOCs	Variance from 2001	Contract	Joint Ventures	Transfer Out	Transfer In	In Sharing	Sell	In House
INPATIENT CARE											Net Present Value
Medicine	6,596	3,528	9,308	6,240	1,240	8,068	-	-	-	-	\$ 117,279,875
Surgery	1,699	(515)	1,699	(515)	1,699	-	-	-	-	-	\$ -
Intermediate/NHCU	14,206	-	14,206	-	14,206	-	-	-	-	-	\$ -
Psychiatry	1,976	(464)	10,247	7,808	-	10,247	-	-	-	-	\$ 15,586,234
PRRTP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ -
Domiciliary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ -
Spinal Cord Injury	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ -
Blind Rehab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ -
Total	24,476	2,549	35,460	13,533	17,145	18,315	-	-	-	-	\$ 132,866,109
Clinic Stops proposed by Market Plans in VISN											
	Clinic Stops demand projections	(from demand projections)									
	FY 2012	Variance from 2001	Total Stops	Variance from 2001	Contract	Joint Ventures	Transfer Out	Transfer In	In Sharing	Sell	In House
OUTPATIENT CARE											Net Present Value
Primary Care	76,739	(3,824)	79,736	(827)	6,379	-	-	-	-	-	\$ (12,893,731)
Specialty Care	83,621	22,379	100,317	39,075	11,035	11,333	-	-	-	-	\$ (16,336,732)
Mental Health	40,139	14,882	40,140	14,882	4,028	-	-	-	-	-	\$ (1,521,410)
Ancillary & Diagnostics	85,767	14,911	85,768	14,912	18,012	-	-	-	-	-	\$ (2,450,425)
Total	286,266	48,348	305,961	68,042	39,454	11,333	-	-	-	-	\$ (33,202,298)

Proposed Management of Space – FY 2012

Space (GSF) (from demand projections)											
INPATIENT CARE	FY 2012	Variance from 2001	Space Driver Projection	Va	2						Space Needed/ Moved to Vacant
Medicine	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Surgery	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intermediate Care/NHCU	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Psychiatry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PRRTP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domiciliary program	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Spinal Cord Injury	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Blind Rehab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Space (GSF) (from demand projections)											
OUTPATIENT CARE	FY 2012	Variance from 2001	Space Driver Projection	Va	2						Space Needed/ Moved to Vacant
Primary Care	35,300	12,895	36,678	14,273	22,405	-	-	-	32,523	-	54,928
Specialty Care	81,865	38,306	85,744	42,185	43,559	19,671	-	-	-	-	75,230
Mental Health	20,090	13,665	19,862	13,437	6,425	-	-	-	-	-	17,625
Ancillary and Diagnostics	43,364	26,218	43,364	26,218	17,146	-	-	-	-	-	33,146
Total	180,620	91,085	185,648	96,113	89,535	19,671	39,200	-	32,523	-	180,929
NON-CLINICAL	FY 2012	Variance from 2001	Space Driver Projection	Va	2						Space Needed/ Moved to Vacant
Research	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Administrative	117,403	59,248	120,671	62,516	58,155	-	-	-	-	-	98,155
Other	11,278	-	11,278	-	11,278	-	-	-	-	-	11,278
Total	128,681	59,248	131,949	62,516	69,433	-	40,000	-	-	-	109,433